

Building an ISP using OSS

Who: Stuart Low

Company: iseek Communications

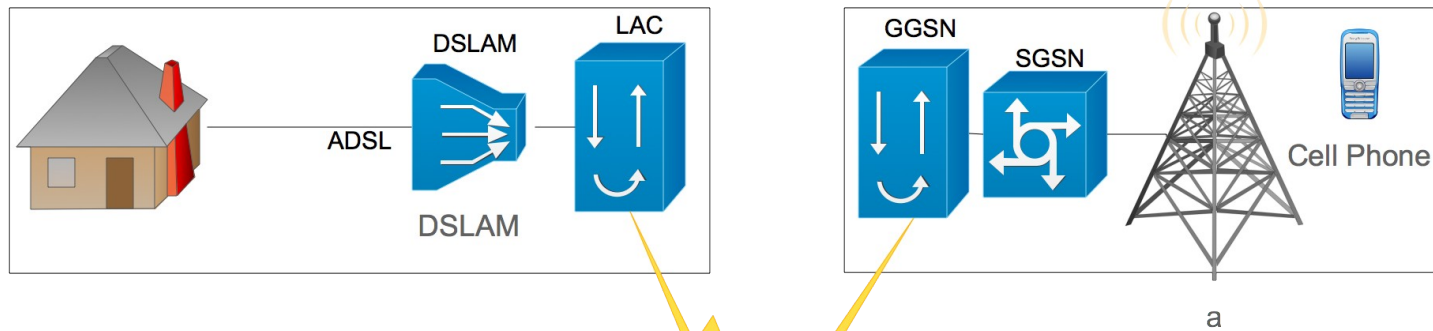
Position: Systems Infrastructure Manager

Bits missing! Lightning Talk Edition

Introduction

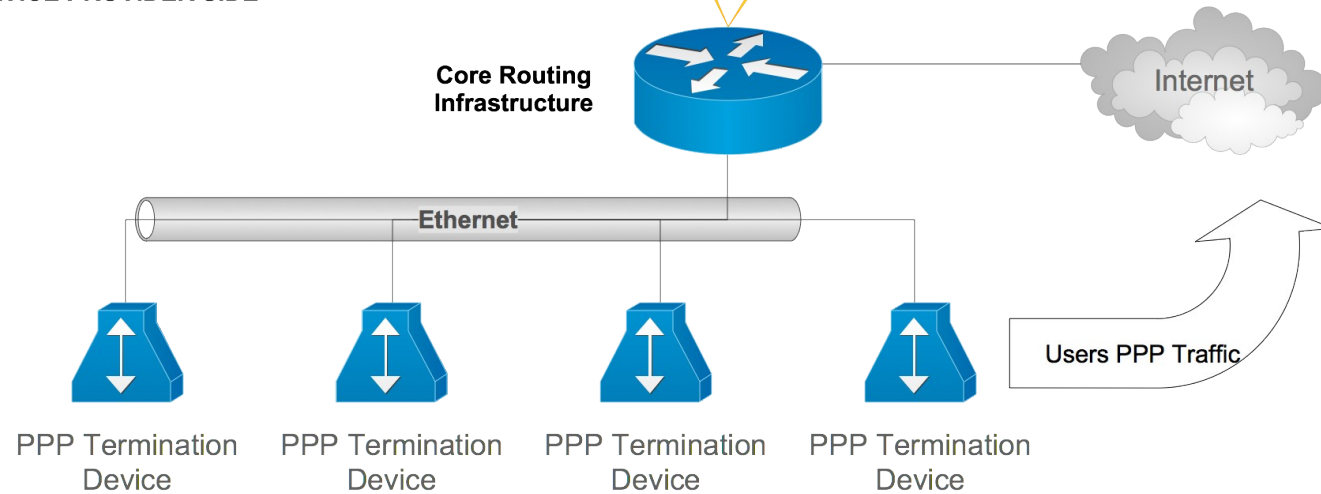
- Both ISP & Hosting spheres have heavy Open Source Software use
- Within isek over 99% of all server environments are Linux based
- Typical Linux use in ISP spaces is in supporting infrastructure such as Mail, DNS, Radius, DB etc.
- Termination however (ie. What actually handles a users PPP session) is (or was) typically handled by Cisco equipment

The Basics



TELCO SIDE

SERVICE PROVIDER SIDE



General 3G/ADSL Termination using Cisco Equipment

Comparison

- Traditional

- Cisco 7200 PPP Termination devices
- Limited cluster support. Each session terminated on a specific router. Balancing done with multiple endpoint addresses in Radius attributes
- Walled Garden & Throttle support impact overall service count
- ~\$10,000 per device for 5,000 PPP sessions

- The Open Source Way

- Multiple Linux servers (about 6 per cluster)
- Commodity server equipment with CentOS deployment
- L2TPNS Installation
- Multiple walled garden capabilities
- Multiple Radius based Throttle capabilities
- Multicast based clustering support
- ~\$8,000 per cluster for 50,000 PPP sessions

L2TPNS

History

Homepage: <http://l2tpns.sourceforge.net>

- First release in mid 2004, originally written by two Optus engineers for termination of Optus Home ADSL services.
- Original Developers
 - Brenden Odea (now a Google employee)
 - Fred Nerk
- Reached final 'Stable' in late 2006
- Development started again with isseek code contributions in early 2010 adding:
 - Multiple Walled Garden support
 - Multiple Dynamic Address allocation pool support
 - Automatic addition of realm for 3G compatibility
 - Plugin to rewrite calling station id into username for 3G compatibility
 - Plugin to rewrite Australian +61 → 0 for easier 3G compatibility
 - Centos5 Compatibility

Live Demonstration

- Compile and install (or RPM build, there is a SPEC!)
- How configure a ~~two~~ **one** node L2TPNS cluster
 - BGP Setup
 - ~~IP Address pool setup~~
 - ~~Base Garden name setup~~
 - Linux side IP Forward Setup (ip_forward sysctl)
 - Tweaking settings (MTU, Radius timeouts, Duplicate IP/Session behaviour etc)
- Testing a 3G termination
- ~~Enable/Disable Walled Garden on session~~
- ~~Enable/Disable Throttle on session~~
- ~~Looking at accounting data~~
- Kicking a user offline

Configuration

- BGP Configuration

```
router bgp 12345
neighbour 1.2.3.4 remote-as 12345
```

 - No BGP secret support (Router ACLs are important!)
- IP Pool Setup (Simple config)
 - In /etc/l2tpns/ip_pool

```
1.2.3.4/24
```

 - Requires l2tpns restart (careful on clusters or face split brain IP announcements)
- Walled Garden support
 - set gardens "mygarden"
 - set default_garden "mygarden"
 - Radius attribute thrown to add Walled-Garden.
 - Additional Radius attribute to specify Walled Garden name

Looking at users

- List them all:

```
- mylns# show sess
-   SID TID Username          IP          I T G 6  opened downloaded  uploaded idle LAC          CLI
-   1   2 xxxx             123.200.1.68 N N N N   16247  1395754  633903  3 123.200.199.233 xxxxx
-   2   1 xxxx             123.200.1.19 N N N N   25937  41751859 6180106  9 123.200.199.237 xxxxx
-   4   2 xxxx             123.200.1.27 N N N N   10192 112845699 3571154  51 123.200.199.233 xxxxx
-   <snip>
```

- List one of them:

```
- mylns# show sess 1
  Session 305:
  User:      xxxxx
  Calling Num: xxxxx
  Called Num: splns357
  Tunnel ID: 2
  • PPP Phase: Network
  • IPCP state: Opened
  • IPV6CP state: Closed
  • CCP state: Stopped
  • IP address: 123.200.1.68
  • Unique SID: 240351
  • Opened: 24727 seconds
  • Idle time: 24 seconds
  • Bytes In/Out: 12225175/3155542
  • Pkts In/Out: 17357/13576
  • MRU: 1500
  • Rx Speed: 8640000
  • Tx Speed: 8640000
  • Intercepted: no
  • Walled Garden: no
  • IP Pool: Default
  • Throttled: no
```


One Handed Admin

- Kick a user live
 - See if the user is online: `show session | i user`
 - Kick off the user: `drop user bad@user.com`
 - Or: `drop session [session-id]`
- Throttle a user live
 - Does work but Radius attributes are generally better unless you want to do paid topups
 - Find the user: `show session | i user`
 - Throttle the user to 64k up/down: `throttle nice@user.com 64`
 - Unthrottle user: `no throttle nice@user.com`

Current Deployments

- isseek continues to use L2TPNS for multiple projects including:
 - Virtual ISP Deployments
 - Gowireless Internet Services (15,000+ users)
 - A number of specialist deployments including:
 - Name Withheld (100,000 users across 2 clusters)
 - Name Withheld (25,000 users across 2 VMWare clusters)

Future Direction

Do we have time?

- Code base work still on going
- Currently planned features:
 - Free content support (ie. Separated accounting files based on destination)
 - Garden/Throttle based accounting (ie. Data loss reports)
 - Benchmark suite/guide to facilitate lower cost benchmarking

Questions?

Thanks!